Consider the following problem:

$u_{tt}(x,t) = u_{xx}(x,t),$	$0 < x < \pi, t > 0$
$u(0,t) = 0, u_x(\pi,t) = 0,$	t > 0
$u(x,0) = \sin(x), u_t(x,0) = e^x,$	$0 < x < \pi.$

- 1. What is the associated Sturm-Liouville Problem that arises when the separation of variables technique is applied?
- 2. The Rayleigh quotient for the general Stourm Liouville boundary value problem

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left[p(x)\frac{d\phi(x)}{dx}\right] + q(x)\phi(x) + \lambda\sigma(x)\phi(x) = 0, \quad a < x < b$$

is

$$\lambda = \frac{-p(x)\phi(x)\frac{d\phi(x)}{dx}\Big|_a^b + \int_a^b \left[p(x)\left(\frac{d\phi(x)}{dx}\right)^2 - q(x)\phi(x)^2\right]dx}{\int_a^b \phi(x)^2\sigma(x)dx}.$$

What is the expression of the Rayleigh quotient for the Sturm-Liouville problem you obtained in point 1 above?

- 3. Using this Rayleight quotient, what can you say about the eigenvalues of the Sturm-Liouville problem?
- 4. What are the eigenvalues of the Sturm-Liouville problem?
- 5. Solve the original problem by separation of variables.